

1st Semester

Theor	y :						
Sl. No.	CODE	Paper	aper Contacts periods Per weeks				Credits
			L	Т	Р	Hrs	
1	EAM-101	Advanced Engg. Math	3	1	0	4	4
2	EDPM101	Compulsory	3	1	0	4	4
3	EDPM102	Compulsory	4	0	0	4	4
4	EDPM103	Elective I	4	0	0	4	4
5	EDPM104	Elective II	4	0	0	4	4
		Total of Theory				20	20

Practical / Sessional:

Sl. No.	CODE	Paper	Contacts periods Per weeks		Total Contact	Credits	
			L	Т	Р	Hrs	
1	EDPM191	Laboratory I	0	0	3	3	2
2	EDPM192	Laboratory II	0	0	3	3	2
3	EDPM193	Seminar I	0	0	3	3	2
		Total of Practical / Sessional				9	6
TOTA	L OF SEMEST	ER:	18	02	09	29	26

2nd Semester

Theor	y:						
Sl.	CODE	Paper	Cont	acts peri	Total	Credits	
No.			P	er weeks		Contact	
			L	Т	Р	Hrs	
1	EDPM201	Compulsory	3	1	0	4	4
2	EDPM202	Compulsory	4	0	0	4	4
3	EDPM203	Compulsory	3	1	0	4	4
4	EDPM204	Elective III	4	0	0	4	4
5	EDPM205	Elective IV	4	0	0	4	4
		Total of Theory				20	20

Practical / Sessional:

Sl. No.	CODE	Paper	Contacts periods Per weeks			Total Contact	Credits
			L	Т	Р	Hrs	
1	EDPM291	Laboratory III	0	0	3	3	2
2	EDPM292	Laboratory IV	0	0	3	3	2
3	EDPM293	Seminar II	0	0	3	3	2
		Total of Practical / Sessional				9	6
TOTAL OF SEMESTER:		ER:	18	02	09	29	26



Theory:									
Sl. No.	CODE	Paper	Contacts periods Per weeks		Total Contact	Credits			
			L	Т	Р	Hrs			
1	EMM 301	Topic In Management	4	0	0	4	4		
2	EDPM301	Elective V	4	0	0	4	4		
		Total of Theory				8	8		

Sessional:

Sl. No.	CODE	Paper	Contacts periods Per weeks		Total Contact	Credits	
			L	Т	Р	Hrs	
1	EDPM391	Pre-submission Defense of	0	0	0	0	4
		Dissertation					
2	EDPM392	Dissertation (Part-I)	0	0	0	20	10
		Total of Sessional				20	14
TOTA	L OF SEMEST	ER:				28	22

4th Sem

Sessio	Sessional:										
Sl.	CODE	Paper	Cont	acts peri	Total	Credits					
No.			Per weeks								
1	EDPM491	Dissertation (Completion)	0	0	0	24	14				
2	EDPM492	Post-submission Defense of	0	0	0	0	8				
		Dissertation									
	EDPM493	Comprehensive Viva-Voce	0	0	0	0	4				
						24	26				
TOTA	L OF SEMEST	ER:				24	26				

Total Credits: 26 + 30 + 22 + 22 = 100



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Sl. No	CO	CODE PAPER		C PE	CONTAC RIODS I WEEKS	TS PER S	TOTAL CONTACT Hrs	CREDITS
				L	Т	Р		
1	EMM101		Advanced Engineering Mathematics	3	1	0	4	4
2	EDPM102		Advance Control System	3	1	0	4	4
3	EDPM103		Electrical Machine Analysis	4	0		4	4
4	EDPM104		Elective I (Any one) a) Signal Processing b) Power System Planning & reliability	4	0		4	4
5	EDPM	105	Elective II a) Power System Operation & Control	4	0		4	4
			TOTAL THEORY				20	20
Practical / Sessional: Sl. No CODE		CODE	PAPER	C PE	CONTAC RIODS I WEEKS	TS PER S	TOTAL CONTACT Hrs	CREDIT
				L	Т	Р		
1	1 EDPM191		Laboratory-I	0	0	3	3	2
2	2 EDPM192		Laboratory-II	0	0	3	3	2
3	ED	PM181	Seminar I	0	0	3	3	2
			Total of Practical / Sessional		1		9	6
			1	10	02	00	20	26



Electrical Devices and Power Systems COMMON CURRICULUM & SYLLABU 2nd Semester

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ory							
Sl. No	CODE	PAPER	CONTACTS PERIODS PER WEEKS		TOTAL C CONTACT Hrs	CREDITS	
			L	Т	Р		
1	EDPM 201	EHV AC Power Transmission	3	1	0	4	4
2	EDPM 202	Power System Dynamics	4	0	0	4	4
3	EDPM 203	Power System Protection	3	1	0	4	4
4	EDPM 204	Elective-III (Any one) a)Power Electronics b) Soft computing Techniques	4	0	0	4	4
5	EDPM 205	Elective-IV High Voltage DC Transmission System	4	0	0	4	4
		TOTAL THEORY				20	20
rtical / Sessio	nal·	TOTAL THEORY				20	20
ctical / Sessio Sl. No	nal: CODE	TOTAL THEORY PAPER	CPE	ONTAC RIODS I WEEKS	TS PER	20 TOTAL CONTACT Hrs	20 CREDITS
ctical / Sessio Sl. No	nal: CODE	TOTAL THEORY PAPER	C PE L	ONTAC RIODS I WEEKS T	TS PER S	20 TOTAL CONTACT Hrs	20 CREDITS
ctical / Sessio Sl. No 1	nal: CODE EDPM 291	TOTAL THEORY PAPER Laboratory-III	C PE L 0	ONTAC RIODS I WEEKS T 0	TS PER 5 P 3	20 TOTAL CONTACT Hrs 3	20 CREDITS
ctical / Sessio Sl. No 1 2	code EDPM 291 EDPM 292	TOTAL THEORY PAPER Laboratory-III Laboratory-IV	C PE L 0 0	ONTAC RIODS I WEEKS T 0 0	TS PER 3 3	20 TOTAL CONTACT Hrs 3 3	20 CREDITS
ctical / Sessio Sl. No 1 2 3	EDPM 291 EDPM 292 EDPM 281	TOTAL THEORY PAPER Laboratory-III Laboratory-IV Seminar II	C PE L 0 0 0	ONTAC RIODS I WEEKS T 0 0 0	P 3 3 3 3	20 TOTAL CONTACT Hrs 3 3 3	20 CREDITS
ctical / Sessio Sl. No 1 2 3	nal: CODE EDPM 291 EDPM 292 EDPM 281	TOTAL THEORY PAPER Laboratory-III Laboratory-IV Seminar II Total of Practical / Sessional	C PE L 0 0 0	ONTAC RIODS I WEEKS T 0 0 0	P 3 3 3	20 TOTAL CONTACT Hrs 3 3 3 9	20 CREDITS 2 2 2 6

3rd Semester



Electrical Devices and Power Systems COMMON CURRICULUM & SYLLABU

Theory								
Sl. No	CODE	PAPER	C PE	CONTAC CRIODS I WEEKS	TACTS TOTAL C DS PER CONTACT EKS Hrs			
			L	Т	Р	_		
1	EMAN 301	Introduction to Management	4	0	0	4	4	
2	EDPM 301	Elective V (Any one) a)Non-Conventional Energy Systems b)Microprocessor & Microcontroller	4	0	0	4	4	
		TOTAL THEORY					8	
Sessional:								
Sl. No	CODE	PAPER	C PE	CONTACTS PERIODS PER WEEKS		TOTAL CONTACT Hrs	CREDITS	
			L	Т	Р			
1	EDPM 382	Pre submission Defense of Dissertation	0	0	0	0	4	
2	EDPM 381	Dissertation (Part - I)	0	0	0	20	10	
		Total of Practical / Sessional				20	14	
TOTAL OF SEM	IESTER					28	22	
		Ath Somester						
S		<u>411 Semester</u>						
Sessional:	CODE	PAPER	C PE	CONTAC CRIODS I WEEKS	TS PER S	TOTAL CONTACT Hrs	CREDITS	
			L	Т	Р			
1	EDPM 481	Dissertation (Completion)	0	0	0	24	14	
2	EDPM 482	Post - submission Defense of Dissertation	0	0	0	0	8	
4	EDPM 483	Comprehensive Viva Voce	0	0	0	0	4	
Total of Sessional	1	•				24	26	
TOTAL OF SEM	IESTER					24	26	

Total Credits: 26+30+22+22=100



EAM-101 Contact: 3L+1T Credit: 4 Complex Variables:

Review of complex variables, Conformal mapping & transformations, Function of complex variables, Pole and singularity, Integration with respect to complex argument, Residues and basic theorems on residues.

Numerical Analysis:

Introduction, Interpolation formulae, Difference equation, Roots of equations, Solution of simultaneous linear and non-linear equations, Solution techniques for ODE and PDE, Introduction to stability, Matrix eigen value and eigen vector problems.

Optimization Technique:

Calculus of several variables, Implicit function theorem, Nature of singular points, Necessary and sufficient conditions for optimization, Elements of calculus variation, Constrained Optimization, Lagrange multipliers, Gradient method, Dynamic programming.

Linear Algebra:

Vector space, Linear dependence of vectors, basis, linear transformations, inner product space, rank and inverse of a matrix, solution of algebraic equations, consistency conditions, Eigen values and eigen vectors, Hermitian and Skew Hermitian matrices.

Books:

- 1. John B. Conway, Functions of one complex variable, Springer International.
- 2. James Ward Brown & Ruel V. Churchill, Complex variable and application., Mc Graw Hill International edition .
- 3. John H. Mathews, Numerical Methods for Mathematics, science and Engineering, PHI
- 4. D.C. Sanyal and K. Das, A text Book of Numeriacl analysis, U.N. Dhar & Sons Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. S.S.Rao,, Optimisation theory and application, Wiely Eastern limited Hoffman & Kunze. R, Linear Algebra, PHI

Advanced Control Systems

EDPM 102 Contact: 3L+1T Credits: 04

Review of Modeling and Analysis of LTI Systems:

Modeling of physical Systems. Design specifications and performance indices, Motion control systems, Transportation lags. Approximation of time-delay functions., Sensitivity of control systems to parameter variations. Effects of disturbance of signals. Disturbance rejection.

Analysis in state-space:

A perspective on state-space design. State variables. State models for physical systems. SISO and MIMO systems. Solution of state equations. Transfer function. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Jacobian linearization technique. State transformations and diagonalisation. Transformation to phase-variable canonical form. Controllability and observability. Duality property. Stability.



Introduction to Discrete-time Systems:

Basic elements of discrete-time control system. Z-transform and properties. Inverse Z-transform. Difference equation and its solution by Z-transform method. Z-transfer function. State diagram of digital systems. Time delay. Direct, cascade and parallel decomposition of Z-transfer functions.

Feedback control design:

Continuous control design. Proportional, derivative and integral control action. PID controller tuning rules. Ziegler-Nichols method. Two degree of freedom control systems.

Compensator design using Bode diagram in frequency response approach. Lag, Lead, Lag-lead compensator.

Control law design for full state feedback by pole placement. Full order observer system. Observer based state feedback. Separation principal.

Non linear system:

Classification and types of non-linearity. Phenomena peculiar to non-linear systems. Methods of analysis. Linearization based on Taylor's series expansion. Jacobian Linearization.

Phase trajectory and its construction. Phase-plane analysis of linear and non-linear sustems. Existence of limit cycles. Describing function of typical non-linearities. Stability analysis by DF method. Introduction to DIDF. Popov's circle criterion. Stability analysis by Lyapunov's indirect and direct methods, Lypunov's theorem.

Reference Books:

- 1. Ogata, K Modern Control Engineering, PHI Learning
- 2. Kuo, B.C. Automation Control Systems, Prentice Hall
- 3. Roy Choudhury, D Modern Control Engineering, Prentice Hall
- 4. Nagrath, J. J. Gopal, M Control System Engineering, New Age Pub.
- 5. Schulz, D.G. and Melsa, . L. State Functions and Linear Control Systems, McGraw-Hill.
- 6. Stepheni, Shahian, Savant, Hostetler Design of feedback control systems, Oxford University Press.
- 7. Vidyasagar- Nonlinear system analysis, Prentice-Hall.
- 8. Gibson, J.E.- Non linear system, Mc. Grawhill.
- 9. Gopal. M, Digital Control and State Variable Methods, TMH.

Electrical Machine Analysis

EDPM 103 Contact: 4L Credit: 4

Matrix Analysis of Electrical machines and circuits. Power invariance transformations, Modeling & solutions.

Generalized machine of first kind: quasi holonomic reference frame, impedance matrix, torque matrix, flux and current density matrices,

Modeling DC machines: steady state and transient analysis, repulsion and universal machines, cross field generator.



Matrix analysis of single and three phase transformer under steady state and transient conditions, rectiformer.

General theory of electrical machines in rotational frame: generalized machine of second kind, holonomic and nonholonomic reference frame, torque matrix, voltage and impedance matrix

Analysis of single phase and three phase induction machines, analysis using revolving field theory, sequence reference frame

state space modeling of electrical machines, equivalent circuits, synchronous generator under sudden short circuit, generalized fault analysis

References:

1. Generalized theory of Electrical Machine, DP Sengupta

Signal Processing

EDPM 104 (a) Contact: 4L Credit: 4

Introduction to Signal Processing: Review of Laplace transform, Z transform, Fourier transform. Discrete Fourier transform, Fast Fourier transform, Algorithms and complexity, Introduction to linear optimal filtering

Digital Filter: Definition and anatomy of a digital filter, Frequency domain description of signals and systems, Typical application of digital filters, Replacing analog filters with digital filters, Filter categories: recursive and non-recursive

Digital Filter Structures: The direct form I and II structures, Cascade combination of second order sections, Parallel combination of second order sections, Linear- phase FIR filter structures, Frequency sampling structure for the FIR filter

Effect of Word Length: Round off error, Truncation error, Quantization error, Limit cycle **Introduction to DSP Hardware:** Application of DSP in power system.

Statistical Signal Processing:

Random process: Definition and description of random processes with practical examples. Time average, ensemble average, covariance, autocorrelation, cross correlation.

Stationary process, ergodic process, power spectrum of random processes.

Filtering of random processes – filtering of white noise, Special random processes – Autoregressive moving average process, autoregressive process, moving average process

Signal modeling:Least square method, Pade approximation method, filter design using Pade approximation, Prony's method of signal modeling, filter design using Prony's method, FIR least square inverse filter, iterative prefilters, Stochastic models – ARMA model, AR model, MA model

Wavelet Transforms:

Fourier Transform and its limitations, Short Time Fourier Transform, Continuous Wavelet Transform, Discretization of the Continuous Wavelet Transform, Multiresolution Approximations; Wavelet and Scaling Function Coefficients, Orthonormality of Compactly Supported Wavelets, Bi-orthogonal Decomposition, Harr Wavelets, The Daubechies wavelets Construction, Fast Wavelet Transform and Image Compression, Denoising using Wavelets, Perfect Reconstruction Filter bank design using Wavelets.



Suggested Readings:

- 1. S. K. Mitra, Digital Signal Processing, PHI.
- 2. J. C. Proakis, and D. G. Maniolakis, Digital Signal Processing: Principles, Algorithms and Applications, Prentice Hall.
- 3. Oppenheim, and R. W. Shaffer, Discrete Time Signal Processing, Prentice Hall, 1992.
- 4. J. Johnson, Digital Signal Processing, Prentice Hall.
- 5. B. Venkata Ramani, and M. Bhaskar, *Digital Signal Processors*, New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.
- 6. Statistical digital signal processing and modeling, Monson N. Hays Wiley

Power System Planning & Reliability

EDPM104(b) Contact: 4L Credit" 4

Load Forecasting: Load Forecasting Categories-Long term, Medium term, short term, very short term Applications of Load Forecasting, Factors Affecting Load Patterns

Medium and long term load forecasting methods- end use models, econometric models, statistical model based learning. Short Term Load Forecasting (STLF): Applications of Load Forecasting, methods- similar day approach, regression methods, time series, ANN, Expert systems, Fuzzy logic based method, support vector machines ANN architecture for STLF, Seasonal ANN, Adaptive Weight, Multiple-Day Forecast, STLF Using MATLAB'S ANN Toolbox, Training and Test Data, Stopping Criteria for Training Process, sensitivity analysis

Power System Reliability: Basic Notions of Power System Reliability- sub systems, reliability indices, outage classification, value of reliability tools, Concepts and methodologies, power system structure, Reliability based planning in power systems, Effect of failures on power system, Planning criteria, Risk analysis in power system planning, multi-state systems.

Basic Tools and Techniques- random processes methods & Markov models, Computation of power system reliability measures by using Markov reward models, Evaluation of reliability indices, Universal Generating Function (UGF) Method, Monte Carlo simulation.

Reliability of Generation Systems- capacity outage calculations, reliability indices using the loss of load probability method, unit commitment and operating constraints, optimal reserve management, single and multi-stage expansion,

Reliability Assessment for Elements of Transmission and Transformation Systems- reliability indices of substations based on the overload capability of the transformers,

evaluation and analysis of substation configurations, Reliability analysis of protection systems for high voltage transmission lines,.

References:

- 1. Markey operations in electric power systems Forecasting, Scheduling, and Risk Management, Shahidehpour M, Yamin H, Li z, John Wlley & sons
- 2. Reliability evaluation of power systems, Billinton R, Allan R (1996) Plenum Press New York
- 3. Computational Methods in Power system Reliability, D. Elmakias, Springer-Verlag



Power System Operation & Control

EDPM 105 (a) Contact: 4L Credit: 4

Optimal Generation Scheduling: Thermal System Dispatching with Network Losses Considered, The Lambda-Iteration Method, Gradient Methods of Economic Dispatch - Gradient Search, Newton's Method, Economic Dispatch with Piecewise Linear Cost Functions, Economic Dispatch Using Dynamic Programming, Base Point and Participation Factors, Economic Dispatch Versus Unit Commitment, Coordination Equations, Incremental Losses, and Penalty Factors, The *B* Matrix Loss Formula

Exact Methods of Calculating Penalty Factors, Reference Bus Versus Load Center Penalty Factors Reference-Bus Penalty Factors Direct from the AC Power Flow

Optimal Power flow:

Optimal var control problem, controllable variables- Transformer taps, Generator voltages, Switchable shunt capacitors and Reactors, Objective functions, network performance constraints, constraints on state variables, Mathematical formulation, Solution of the Optimal Power Flow- The Gradient Method, Newton's Method, Linear Sensitivity Analysis, Linear Programming Methods, Sensitivity Coefficients of an **AC** Network Model

Linear Programming Method with Only Real Power Variables, Linear Programming with AC Power Flow Variables and Detailed Cost Functions, Security-Constrained Optimal Power Flow, Interior Point Algorithm, Bus Incremental Costs

Load Frequency Control: control area concept, Block diagram and LFC of an isolated power system, Governor droop characteristic, AGC, primary and secondary frequency control, LFC of inter-connected power systems, Modes of tie line operation-flat frequency, flat tie line, tie line with frequency bias, Area control error, State space representation of two area system

State Estimation:

Types of estimators-static, dynamic, tracking estimators. Least Squares and Weighted Least squares estimation, formulation, solution techniques, Bad data identification and detection.

Security Analysis:

Normal, Alert, emergency, Restoration states in a power system. Security analysis, Security assessment, Security monitoring and Security controls Credible and incredible contingencies, Contingency identification and Contingency ranking, Security Calculation procedures

Deregulation: What is deregulation? Background to deregulation and current situation, Benefits of a competitive electricity market,

References:

1. Power generation, operation, and control, Allen J. Wood, Bruce F, Wollenberg

EHV AC Power Transmission

EDPM 201



Contact: 4L Credit: 4

Theory of Compensation: Requirements in ac Power Transmission, Uncompensated Transmission Lines: Electrical parameters, solution of transmission line wave equation, surge impedance and natural loading, performance of open-circuit line (Ferranti effect), symmetrical line at no load, under excited operation of generators, uncompensated line under load-maximum power and stability considerations. Compensated transmission Lines: Functions and types of compensation-SIL compensation, line length compensation, compensation by sectioning, Passive and Active Compensators, switched compensation, effect on Transient Stability.

Flexible AC transmission systems: FACTS applications in power systems, Basic relationships for power-flow control in transmission interconnection, Power Flow & Stability of a transmission interconnection, power-flow control through compensation, Voltage Control, Power Oscillation Damping, FACTS classification, Thyristor controlled devices- Thyristor controlled reactor (TCR) and Thyristor switched capacitors (TSC), SVC voltage source converter based devices- STATCOM, UPFC

References:

- 1. Power Electronic control in Electrical systems, E. Acha, V.G. Agelidis, O Anaya-Lara, TJE Miller, NEWNES Power Engineering series, New Delhi
- 2. Reactive Power Control in Electric Systems, TJE Miller, John Wiley & sons 1982
- 3. Thyristor -based FACTS controllers for electrical transmission systems, R. Mohan Mathur, Rajiv K. Varma, John Wiley & sons
- 4. Flexible AC Transmission Systems: Modelling and Control, Xiao-Ping Zhang, Christian Rehtanz, Bikash Pal, Springer
- 5. Understanding FACTS: concepts and technology of Flexible AC transmission systems, NG. Hingorani, Laszlo Gyugyi , John Wiley &sons

Power System Dynamics

EDPM202 Contact: 4L Credit: 4

Credit: 4

Basic Concepts: Basic structure of the power system, Power System Control requirements, Power system and Associated Controls Classification of Power System Dynamics, rotor angle, frequency and voltage instability, Extended Equal Area criterion, types of rotor angle instability-small signal & large signal stability. short term, mid-term and long term instabilities

Modeling: Synchronous Machine

Synchronous generator subjected to electromagnetic disturbance, reactances and time constants -Steady state operation, transient operation, sub transient operation, generator and system reference frame, Power, Torque and swing equation, synchronous generator model types.

Advanced machine modeling-flux linkage equations in stator reference frame, flux linkage equations in rotor reference frame, power equations, voltage equations

Excitation System

Requirements, functions and elements of excitation system, Types and dynamic performance measures Control & protective functions, basic components, UEL, OEL and Power system stabilizer, basic block diagram derivation and IEEE model types for stability studies, Excitation system response, open-loop and closed-loop response.

Turbines and Governing systems



Governor system basic building blocks, Hydraulic turbine-Governor-hydraulic system model, MHC and EHC Governors.

Load

Static and dynamic load models

Dynamic Simulation:

Large signal stability:

Time domain Simulation

Review of modified Euler, R-K Gill and trapezoidal methods, PE and SI methods, Transient stability enhancement.

Energy Function Methods

Physical & mathematical aspects, Lyapunov's method, Energy Function formulation, PEBS method for estimating region of attraction.

Small signal stability:

Fundamental concepts-stability of dynamic systems, Eigen properties of state matrix, SSS of SMIBclassical model, effect of field circuit dynamics, effects of excitation system and PSS, SSS of multimachine and large systems.

Voltage Stability:

Voltage instability, Voltage collapse -phenomena, Transmission line characteristic, Factors influencing voltage stability, Voltage stability analysis methods.

References:

- 1. Power System Stability and Control, Prabha Kundur, McGraw-Hill 1994
- Power System Dynamics and Stability, P.W. Saur & M.A. Pai, Prentice Hall 1998
- 2. Power System Dynamics Stability and Control, K.R.Padiyar, John Wiley & Sons 1996
- 3. Power System Oscillations, GJ Rogers, Kluwer Academic Publishers 1999
- 4. Power system Voltage stability, Carson W. Taylor, McGraw-Hill ,1994

Power System Protection

EDPM203 Contact: 4L Credit: 4 Introduction: Relay types & Fault detection principles, CT & PT specification, Sequence filters

Non-Pilot over current protection: principles, Time and/or current grading co-ordination, Directional over current relaying

Differential protection: principles, CT requirements

Non-Pilot Distance Protection: stepped distance protection principles, distance relay types & polar characteristics, phase relays and poly phase relays, distance relay performance and SIR, power swing blocking , distance schemes, under reach and over reach, protection of parallel and multiended feeders



Pilot-Distance-protection: Communication channels, Tripping and blocking modes, directional comparison blocking and unblocking, under reaching transfer trip, PUR/POR transfer trip, phase comparison.

Single and three pole auto reclosing in HV and EHV transmission systems.

Bus protection: High & moderately high impedance relaying, CT requirements

Unit Protection of Feeder: Feeder differential protection, including pilot wire, current differential and phase comparison schemes

Protection of transformers: including biased and high impedance differential schemes, CT connections, 2 & 3 point differential protection, earthing transformers

Protection of high voltage capacitor banks: including consideration of inrush currents, over current, over voltage, and differential protection schemes

Protection of large motors: including differential and earth fault protection, thermal overload considerations, starting and stalling currents and the effect of negative phase sequence currents

Protection of large generators: including stator & rotor earth fault protection, biased differential, high impedance differential, negative sequence, under frequency, over/under excitation, reverse power and out-of-step protections

References:

- 1. Power System Relaying, Stanley H. Horowitz, Arun G. Phadke, John Wiley & Sons
- 2. Protective Relays Application & Guide, GEC measurements
- 3. Power system protection, PM Anderson, IEEE Press book

Power Electronics

EDPM 204(a) Contact: 3L+1T Credit: 4

Review: Principle of operation of IGBT, GTO, Thyristor family, Principle of operation of SCR, Characteristics, Construction, Rating, Turn on and turn off of a SCR, Phase controlled converters, performance analysis continuous and discontinuous mode of operation.

DC-DC converters: step down, step up, switching mode regulators, multi output boost converter, chopper circuit design, state space analysis of regulators

Pulse-Width-Modulated Inverters: performance parameters, advanced modulation techniques, voltage control of three phase inverters, harmonic reduction, current source inverters, variable DC-link inverter, inverter circuit design

Resonant Pulse Inverters: series-resonant inverter frequency response, parallel-resonant inverters, voltage control of resonant inverters, ZCS and ZVS resonant converters, resonant DC-link inverters.

Multilevel Inverters: multilevel concept, Types of multilevel inverters: diode clamped, flying capacitor, cascaded, applications, switching device currents, DC-link capacitor voltage balancing.



Isolated Switching DC Power Supplies: Comparison between linear & switching power supply, Specification of SMPS, Different topologies, Flyback, Forward, Push –Pull, Half and Full Bridge), Control requirements and techniques, Practical SMPS design considerations, Protection **Power Conditioners and Uninterruptible Power Supplies:** Power line disturbances, Power Conditioners. UPS & other residential and industrial applications.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Power Electronics Circuits, Devices, and Applications, MH Rashid, 3rd edition, Pearson Education.
- 2. Robbins, Undeland Mohanand, Power Electronics, John Willey & Son's.
- 3. Cyril W Lander, Power Electronics, Mchraw-Hill International Editions, 1993.
- 4. Philip T. Krein, *Power Electronics*. Oxford university press, 1997.
- 5. B. K. Bose, Modern Power Electronics & AC Drives, Prentice-Hall, 1986.
- 6. Singh, and Khanchandani, Power Electronics, India: Tata McGraw-Hill, 1981.

Soft Computing Techniques

CAM 204(b) Contact: 4L Credit: 4

Module 1

Introduction to Soft Computing, components of soft computing, traditional computing and drawbacks, advantages of soft computing techniques.

Module 2

Introduction to fuzzy logic: definition, general idea and importance in practical life. Fuzzy set theory: concept of fuzzy set, membership functions, comparison of fuzzy set and classical set. Operations on fuzzy sets, properties of standard operations, T norm and S norm, Extension principle and application. Height of fuzzy set, core of fuzzy set, support of fuzzy set, normal fuzzy set, normalization of fuzzy set, level set, α cut and strong α cut of fuzzy set, concentration and dilation of fuzzy sets, fuzzy singleton, crossover points.

Fuzzy relation: fundamentals of fuzzy relations, operations on fuzzy relations, composition of fuzzy relations, fuzzy reasoning, fuzzy relation inferences, compositional rule of inference, fuzzification. Fuzzy methods in control theory: Introduction to fuzzy logic controller, types of fuzzy logic controllers, basic structure of fuzzy knowledge based controllers, defuzzification methods, applications of fuzzy logic control.

Module 3

Introduction to artificial neural networks, artificial neuron model, types of activation functions. Learning in neural networks, feed forward and feedback neural networks, backpropagation training algorithm, Hopfield network, Boltzman machine. Self organizing map, learning vector quantization algorithm.

Module 4

Basic concept of genetic algorithm, comparison of GA and traditional techniques, objective function and fitness function, crossover, mutation, GA search, applications of GA.

Reference Book:



- 1. Klir, G.J. & Yuan, B.- Fuzzy sets and Fuzzy logic, theory and applications, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited.
- 2. M. Ganesh Introduction to fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic, PHI.
- 3. N. P. Padhy Artificial intelligence and intelligent systems, Oxford
- 4. Timothy J. Ross Fuzzy logic with engineering applications, Wiley.
- 5. Nie and Linkens,- Fuzzy Neural Control-Principles, Algorithms and Application, PHI
- 6. J.S.R. Jang, C.T. Sun, E. Mizutani Neuro-fuzzy and soft computing, PHI.
- 7. Kosco, B.-Neural Networks and Fuzzy System.PH
- 8. Haykin- Neural Network; A Comprehensive Foundation, PHI
- 9. Rajasekaran and Pai Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic algorithms: Synthesis and Application, PHI.
- 10. Goldberg- Genetic Algorithms, Pearson.

High Voltage DC Transmission

PEM 205(a) Credit: 4L Credits: 04

INTRODUCTION: Introduction to AC and DC Transmission – application of DC Transmission – description of DC transmission – DC system components and their functions – modern trends in DC Transmission

CONVERTER: Pulse Number – Converter configuration – analysis of Graetz circuit – converter bridge characteristics – characteristics of 12 Pulse converter

HVDC CONTROLLERS: General principle of DC link control – converter control characteristics – system control hierarchy – firing angle control – current and extinction angle control – Dc link power control – high level controllers

FILTERS: Introduction to harmonics – generation of harmonics – design of AC filters – DC filters – carrier frequency and RI noise

PROTECTION: Basics of protection – DC reactors – voltage and current oscillations – circuit breakers – over voltage protection – switching surges – lightning surges – lightning arresters for DC systems

Text/Reference:

- 1. Kimbark, "Direct Current Transmission Vol. I", John Wiley and Sons Inc., New York, 1971
- 2. Padiyar. K. R., "HVDC Power Transmission Systems", Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi, 2000.
- 3. Arrillaga. J, "High Voltage Direct Current Transmission", Peter Peregrines, London, 1983

Generation of Non conventional Energy

EDPM 301(a) Contact: 3L+1T Credits: 04

INTRODUCTION TO SOLAR AND WIND ENERGY: Recent trends in energy consumption – World energy scenario – Energy sources and their availability – Conventional and renewable sources – Need to develop new energy technologies – Solar radiation and measurement – Solar cells and their characteristics – Influence of insulation and temperature – PV arrays – Electrical storage with batteries – Solar availability in Indi8a – Switching devices for solar energy conversion – Stand alone inverters – Charge controllers – Water pumping – Audio visual equipments, Street lighting, Analysis of PV systems



POWER CONDITIONING CONVERTERS: DC Power conditioning converters – Maximum Power point tracking algorithms – AC power conditioners – Line commutated inverters – synchronized operation with grid supply – Harmonic problem

WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM: Basic principle of wind energy conversion – nature of wind – Wind survey in India – Power in the wind – components of a wind energy conversion system – Performance of Induction Generators for WECS – Classification of WECS

INDUCTION GENERATOR: Self excited Induction Generator for isolated Power Generators – Theory of self e excitation – Capacitance requirements – Power conditioning schemes – Controllable DC Power from SEIGs

OPTIMISATION TECHNIQUE: Wind / Solar PV integrated systems – selection of power conversion ratio – Optimization of system components – Storage

Text/References:

Rai G.D., "Non – Conventional Energy Sources", Khanna Publishers, 1993.
Rai G.D., "Solar Energy Utilisation", Khanna Publishers, 1993.
Daniel, Hunt V, "Wind Power – A Handbook of WECS", Van Nostrend Co., New York, 1981.
Gary L. Johnson, "Wind Energy Systems", Prentice Hall Inc., 1985.
Freris L. L., "Wind Energy Conversion", Prentice Hall (UK) Ltd., 1990

Microprocessor & Microcontroller

EDPM 301(b) Contact: 4L Credit: 4

Intel 8086: Architecture and organization, registers structure, memory addressing, minimum and maximum mode of operation, interrupt structure, hardware, and software interrupt vector table.

Instruction set of 8086: Arithmatic and logical instruction, bit manipulation instruction, process control instruction, programming example, microprogramming.

Controllers: PPI 8255- mode zero, mode one, mode two, bsr, interrupt controller 8259, DMA controller 8237.

CISC and RISC system: structure of a typical CISC microprocessor, Pentium process register structure, integer pipe lines, flags

Applications: Machine control- traffic light and washing machine controller.

Micro controller: Architectures and organization of 8031/8051, programming technique, interphasing and application

Reference:

- 1. Advanced Microprocessor (1st edition), Y Rajasree, New age international
- 2. Microprocessor, microcomputer and their applications (3rd edition), AK Mukhopadya, Narosa Publishers
- Microprocessor based laboratory experiments and projects (2nd Edition), AK Mukhopadya, S. Ratan & Co.